

CHINESE LANGUAGE

8681/21 October/November 2018

Paper 2 Reading and Writing MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 70

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2018 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level components and some Cambridge O Level components.

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Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate

marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do

marks are not deducted for errors

marks are not deducted for omissions

answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
Question 1	Question 1				
	cter errors in transcription (missing or additional strokes) are tolerated provided not created. Accept Minor omissions <u>in the body of the phrase</u> .	that the n	neaning is clear and that a different		
1(a)	学 学 市	1			
1(b)	独特	1	Reject: 难忘		
1(c)	自由自在	1			
1(d)	牵扯	1			
1(e)	一味	1	Reject: 永远		

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 2			
Candidates	either get full marks for each question or zero. No partial marks	are awarded.	
	ng are examples of the way in which the answers could be expre- elements of the phrase to be reworked.	ssed. Answers should re	tain the same meaning and contain all the
2(a)	因为代沟,所以父母不理解他们的苦恼。	1	
2(b)	为了培养我的独立能力,父母会让我决定目的地。	2	Reject:
			为了培养我的独立能力, 父母让我决定目 的地。
2(c)	连性格乐观的人都不可能"永远快乐"。	2	Reject : 即使连性格乐观的人都不可能"永远快 乐"。

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
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Question 3

Lifting = a whole sentence taken from the text will usually invalidate an answer unless further original explanation is offered. The definition of a whole sentence is a complete unit of meaning which could be from a full stop to a semicolon or from a full stop to a full stop.

If <u>(and only if)</u> all the words in the reject column appear in the answer unchanged, reject as a 'lift'. Annotate this using the LM stamp (Lifted **M**aterial).

It is not uncommon for candidates to 'lift' and then go on to rephrase acceptably, in which case indicate the lift using LM stamp but reward the rephrase.

3(a)	为什么许多孩子对父母不满意?	3	
	很少陪伴他们;	1	Reject: 存在代沟/由于代沟 The long lift should be rejected:
	来自父母的压力太大;	1	[每个父母都希望孩子有快乐的生活,可我们常常听 到孩子抱怨父母只顾给他们零花钱,却很少陪伴他
	父母不理解他们的苦恼。	1	们;] [父母会为他们取得的成绩而骄傲,有时却让他们觉 得压力很大;] [此外,由于代沟,父母不理解他们的苦恼。]

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(b)	拥有独特的"小传统"对家庭有什么好处?	3	
	父母可以为孩子创造难忘的回忆;	1	The long lift should be rejected:
	让全家人在一起度过美好的时光;	1	[家庭是孩子的快乐之源,父母要学会为孩子创造难 忘的回忆,比如每个家庭都应有独特的小传统,让 全家人在一起度过美好的时光。]
	培养孩子的独立能力。	1	[小明说:"我家的小传统是每个月底郊游一次。 [父母会让我决定目的地以培养我的独立能力"。
3(c)	为什么孩子需要自由自在的时间?	3	
	能发现大自然的魅力;	1	Reject:拥有想象力
	能学会更好地与他人相处;	1	The long lift should be rejected: [看蜘蛛结网,能发现大自然的魅力;] [跟其他孩子嬉闹,能学会更好地与他人相处;]
	能发挥想象力。	1	[就算是躺在草地上看着蓝天白云,也能发挥想》 力。]

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(d)	根据短文第四段,用自己的话概括家长应该怎样管教孩子。	4	
	要做孩子的榜样;	1	Any 4 out of 5 answers
	善于倾听(孩子的想法);	1	The long lift should be rejected: [家长首先要以身作则,说到做到;] [然后应该多听听孩子的看法,不要急于改善他们的
	不要期望孩子马上改变;	1	表现;] [而且在批评孩子时,别牵扯过往,要就事论事;]
	针对孩子当时的过错加以批评;	1	[另外,一定不要极力要求孩子完美。]
	不要期望孩子十全十美	1	
3(e)	父母应该怎样帮助孩子面对困难?	2	
	父母要培养孩子的自信心;	1	Reject: 给孩子信心
			The long lift should be rejected:
	培养他们自己应付逆境的能力	1	[我们知道即使性格乐观的人也不可能"永远快 乐",所以父母更要培养孩子的自信心,避免孩子 逃避困难;] [不要一味帮助孩子解决问题,应培养他们自己应付 逆境的能力。]

https://xtremepape.rs.

Quality of Language – Accuracy

5 Very good

Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

4 Good

Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

3 Sound

Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

2 Below average

Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives.

0–1 Poor

Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

Additional marking guidance for Quality of Language

The five marks available for Quality of Language are awarded **globally** for the whole performance on each set of answers.

A concise answer, containing all mark-bearing components for Content is scored on the full range of marks for language, i.e. length does not determine the Quality of Language mark.

Answers scoring 0 for Content cannot contribute to the overall Quality of Language mark.

Identify the answer(s) scoring 0 for Content in the whole set of answers. Then add together the number of Content marks available for each of these questions and reduce the Quality of Language mark according to the following table:

Total Content marks available on questions where a candidate scores 0	Reduce Quality of Language mark by:
2–3	1
4–5	2
6–7	3
8–14	4
15	5

Note: A minimum of one mark for Quality of Language should be awarded if there are any Content marks at all (i.e. 0 Quality of Language marks only if 0 Content marks).

Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
Question 4	4		
Mark as Qu	uestion 3		
4(a)	怎样理解父母与儿女之间相互的责任?	2	
	父母有养育儿女的责任;	1	The long lift should be rejected:
	儿女有照顾父母的义务	1	 [养育儿女是父母的责任,儿女要感激父母的恩情;] [当父母年老时,儿女也有照顾父母的义务;]
4(b)	王强怎样表达对母亲浓厚的爱?	3	
	(公务繁忙)每个星期回家看母亲;	1	Answer must indicate the correct frequency for point 1.
	(亲力亲为) 给母亲洗衣做饭;	1	The long lift should be rejected:
	每次度假都会带着母亲	1	[王强公务繁忙,但他坚持每个星期回家看母亲。] [虽然他有能力请人照料母亲,但仍然给母亲洗衣做 饭,并且每次度假都会带着母亲。]

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(c)	根据第二段,子女成家后应该注意从哪些方面关爱父母?	4	
	多跟父母联系;	1	The long lift should be rejected: [然而,也有些子女成家后,更多地关注自己的小家
	常见面;	1	庭,很少跟父母联系;] [即便同住一个城市,也不常见面;] [还有的因为给孩子安排太多的活动,而减少了孩子
	增加孩子们和祖父母相处的时间;	1	 们和祖父母相处的时间;] [更有甚者连父母生病也不能及时探访。]
	父母生病时及时探访。	1	
4(d)	用自己的话简要概括父母对孩子无私的爱体现在哪些方面?	4	
	抚养孩子方面;	1	Answer must indicate finance support for point 3.
	读书上学方面;	1	The long lift should be rejected: ["养儿方知父母恩",父母的关心和爱护是最无私 的。]
	经济方面(给予资助);	1	- [我们出生后吮着母亲的乳汁成长,拉着父母的手迈 开第一步;] [读书升学又费去父母太多心思。]
	照看孙辈方面	1	[李红说:"我成家后,有了父母的资助才买了 房;] [生了孩子后,还要靠父母帮忙看。"]

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(e)	根据最后一段,做子女的责任是什么?	2	
	给父母创造一个充满爱的和谐家庭;	1	The long lift should be rejected: [所以,子女不要嫌父母唠叨,应该给父母创造一个
	能为下一代树立榜样	1	[历妖,] 文不安嫌文母另次, 应该培文母创造= 7= 充满爱的和谐家庭以安享晚年;] [也要为下一代树立榜样, 这才是做子女的责任。]

Quality of Language – Accuracy

[5]

Very good 5 Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order). Good 4 Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures. Sound 3 Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions. Below average 2 Persistent errors in tense and verb forms. Prepositions frequently incorrect. Recurrent errors in agreement of adjectives. 0–1 Poor Little or no evidence of grammatical awareness. Most constructions incomplete or incorrect. Consistent and repeated error.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance		
Question 5	Question 5				
Length of 5	(a) + 5(b) (Summary and Personal Response)				
	Writing within the character limit is part of the task. Insert the vertical wavy line after the 240th character to show the end of the response to be marked. No marks will be awarded for anything the candidate writes beyond the upper character limit.				
Content ma	Content marks – Summary				
	10 points are required, but more than 10 are given below to outline possible points candidates could be expected to make. Each point scores one mark, with a maximum of 10 to be awarded for content.				
Please note prose.	Please note that the points below are possible answers and are in note form, but that candidates are required to present their summary in continuous prose.				
The summa	ry could include the following points (award 1 mark for each point	covered up to a	a maximum of 10 points):		

Answer	Marks	Guidance
结合短文一和短文二的内容,谈谈如何让我们的父母和子女感受到 家庭的温暖。	10	
Text 1: 父母多陪伴孩子 不要给孩子太大压力 尽量理解孩子的苦恼 创造难忘的回忆/有独特的家庭小传统 给孩子自由玩耍的时间 听孩子的想法 工典:4.5 就 2.4 的完美 (就 2.4 点 去 工 只 之 外		
Text 2: 经常看望父母 照顾父母/洗衣做饭 带父母度假 常跟父母联系 为孩子和祖父母提供相处的机会		
	结合短文一和短文二的内容, 谈谈如何让我们的父母和子女感受到 家庭的温暖。 Text 1: 父母多陪伴孩子 不要给孩子太大压力 尽量理解孩子的苦恼 创造难忘的回忆/有独特的家庭小传统 给孩子自由玩耍的时间 听孩子的想法 不要追求孩子的完美/孩子总会有不足之处 Text 2: 经常看望父母 照顾父母/洗衣做饭 带父母度假 常跟父母联系	结合短文一和短文二的内容,谈谈如何让我们的父母和子女感受到 10 家庭的温暖。 10 Text 1: 父母多陪伴孩子 不要给孩子太大压力 尽量理解孩子的苦恼 创造难忘的回忆/有独特的家庭小传统 给孩子自由玩耍的时间 听孩子的想法 不要追求孩子的完美/孩子总会有不足之处 Text 2: 经常看望父母 經常看望父母 照顾父母/洗衣做饭 带父母度假 常跟父母联系 为孩子和祖父母提供相处的机会 父母生病时,及时探访

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
ontent ma	arks – Response to the Text		
	mini-essay according to the variety and interest of the opinions and vie- press a personal point of view. Further, more detailed guidance for part		
	请谈谈你对这方面的了解、体验和看法。	5	
	 Very good Varied and interesting ideas, showing an element of flair and imagination, a capacity to express a personal point of view. 		
	4 Good Not the flair and imagination of the best candidates, but work still shows an ability to express a range of ideas, maintain interest and respond to the issues raised.		
	3 Sound A fair level of interest and ideas. May concentrate on a single issue, but there is still a response to ideas in the text.		
	2 Below average Limited range of ideas; rather humdrum. May disregard the element of response to the text, and write a largely unrelated free-composition.		
	0–1 Poor Few ideas to offer on the theme. Banal and pedestrian. No element of personal response to the text. Repeated error.		

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Consistently accurate. Only very few errors of minor significance. Accurate use of more complex structures (verb forms, tenses, prepositions, word order).

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Higher incidence of error than above, but clearly has a sound grasp of the grammatical elements in spite of lapses. Some capacity to use accurately more complex structures.

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Fair level of accuracy. Common tenses and regular verbs mostly correctly formed. Some problems in forming correct agreement of adjectives. Difficulty with irregular verbs, use of prepositions.

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